From Brine to Beautiful

The City of Goodyear - "One-Water" Approach for Inland Brine Disposal

Governor's Water Augmentation Council Desalination Committee

May 15, 2017





PROTECTING
ARIZONA'S WATER SUPPLIES
for ITS NEXT CENTURY

Partners













Background

Largest R/O facility in the State of Arizona for drinking water supplies

➤ 4.5 MGD treatment capacity





R/O Process generates 0.8 MGD of brine concentrate

Currently discharged to the City's WRF – chemically impacting this facility





Background

Brine Concentrate has several constituents of concern:

- > 8,000 mg/L TDS
- High concentrations of
 - Selenium
 - Fluoride
 - Arsenic
 - Nitrate





Background

Currently sent to the City's water reclamation facility:

- Chemically impacting that facility
- Taking up valuable capacity







Inland Brine Disposal Dilemma

Alternative Comparison 10 mgd (millions of dollars)

10 MGD	Pipeline to Yuma	Evaporation Pond	Brine Concentrator	Soften/ RO/ VSEP	Wetlands Surface Discharge	Injection Well
Capital	\$266.11	\$651.69	\$272.71	\$286.56	\$150.22	\$ 114.46
O&M	\$ 0.62	\$ 3.50	\$ 29.75	\$ 6.90	\$ 1.75	\$ 11.31
Annualized	\$ 14.92	\$ 40.26	\$ 44.40	\$ 22.30	\$ 10.37	\$ 17.46

Central Arizona Salinity Study Strategic Alternatives for Brine Management in the Valley of the Sun

January 201

Thomas K Poulson, PE
Concentrate Management Sub-Committ
Central Anizona Salimity Study
Phoenix, Anizona















Goodyear Proceeded with Wetland Disposal

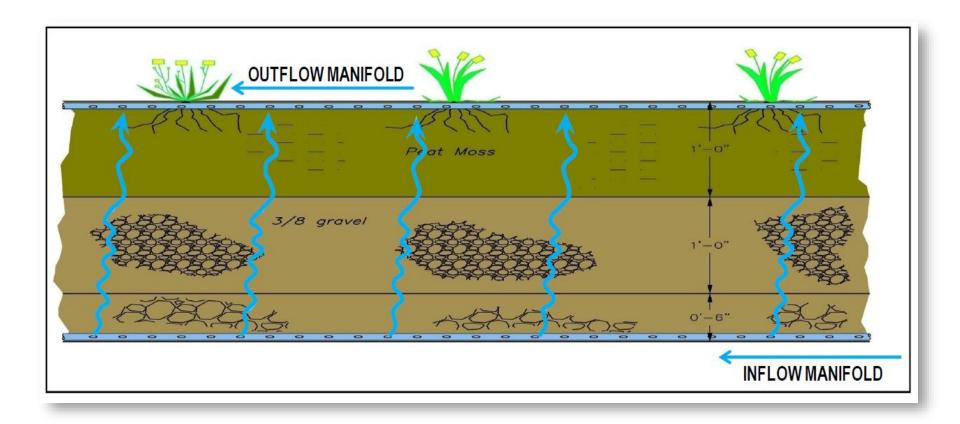
Developed a partnership with the United States Bureau of Reclamation to accomplish:

- 1. Develop brine wetland concept
- 2. Design brine wetland pilot
- 3. Construct Pilot Determine proof of concept
- 4. Feasibility–30% design for a demonstration project
- 5. Construct demonstration project





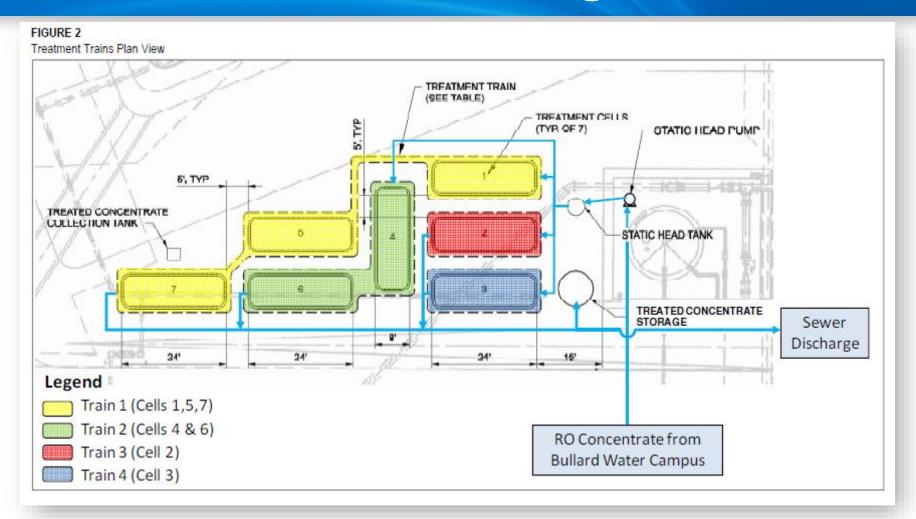
Wetland Design Concept







2010 Pilot Wetland Design







Bin 4 Wetland Planting









Bin 6 Wetland Planting









2010 - Pilot Wetland Project Construction

Determine proof of concept that contaminants could be treated through an engineered wetland

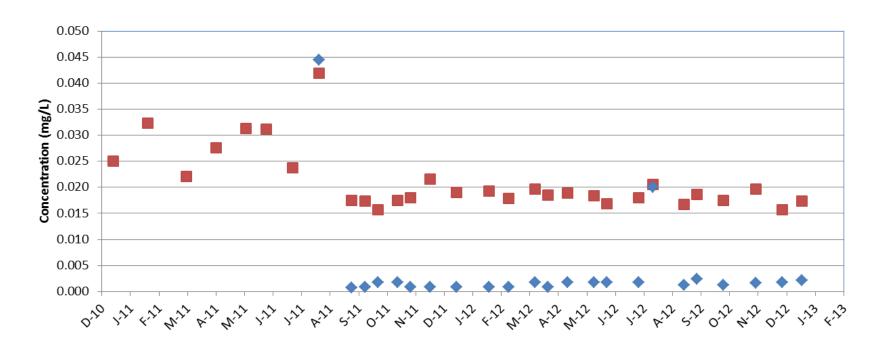
- Wetlands were evaluated for removal
 - Selenium
 - Arsenic
 - Nitrate
- Total dissolved solids







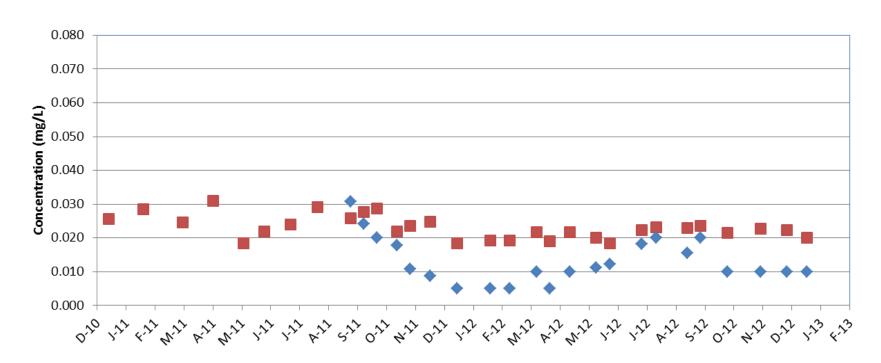
Selenium - Total







Arsenic - Total







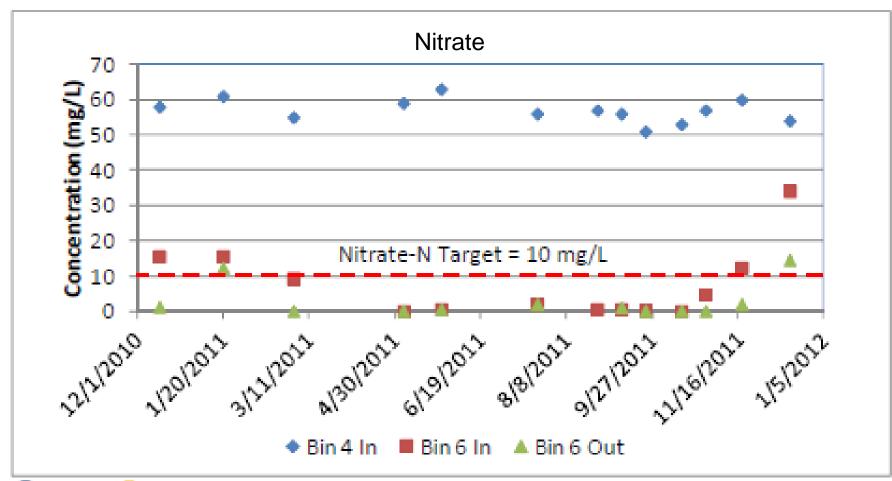
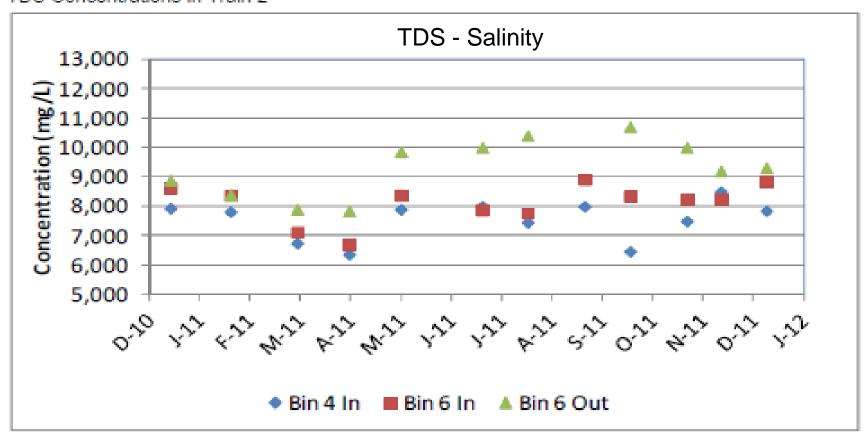




FIGURE 14 TDS Concentrations in Train 2







Conclusions

- > Proof of concept for the City's brine
 - Wetlands can successfully treat contaminants of concern in brine
 - Salinity increases at wetland discharge point
 - water blending strategy needed if water is discharged to waters of the US.



Goodyear Proceeded with Wetland Disposal

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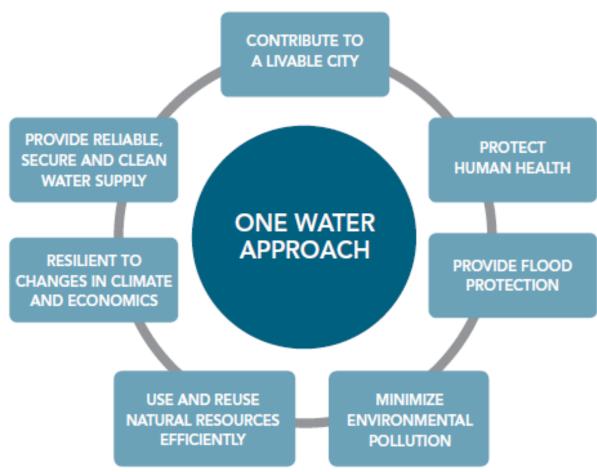
Feasibility Work

- Invited all potential stakeholders to participate
- Feasibility Work Two parts:
 - 1. Complete a wetland siting analysis
 - 2. Complete a 30% Design Concept Report (DCR)





Using One Water







Siting Analysis

- FAA Restrictions
- Gravity, distance, and Operations & Maintenance
- Existing recreational facilities
- Proximity to blending water supplies
- Proximity to ultimate discharge location
 - Gila River







Siting Analysis

GIS Layers/Factors

Land Acquisition/Ownership

Public Accessibility

Site accessibility

Required pipeline length for Brine (6-inch)

Required pipeline length from treated Superfund (8-inch)

Required pipeline length from treated Effluent (8-inch)

Required pipeline length for Blend (12-inch)

Distance from COG reclaimed transmission main

Fiber Optic-Line Distance Needed

Energy requirements for Pumped Brine

Energy requirements for Pumped Superfund

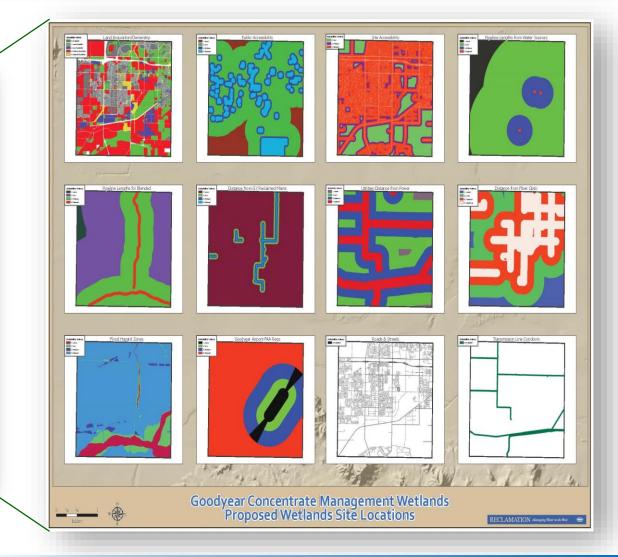
Energy requirements for Pumped Effluent

Flood Zone Designations

Goodyear Airport Bird Strike Mitigation FAA requirements

Future Road Buffers - COG transportation planning

Power line transmission Rights-of-Way







Site Selection







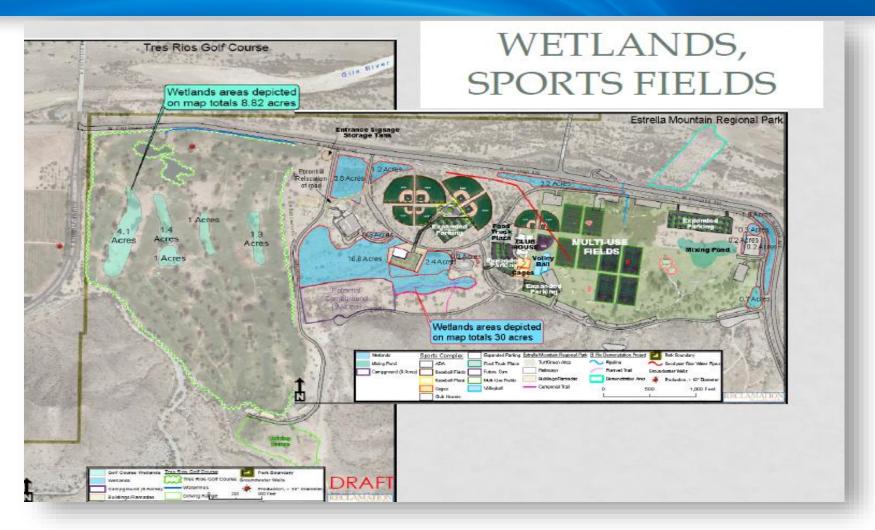
- GIS siting analysis identified the Estrella Mountain Regional Park and the Tres Rio Golf Course as the optimum site
- Maricopa County Parks & Recreation the owner of the Park and Golf Course
- Had already been included as a stakeholder
- In the process of creating a new Master Plan for the park and were excited to include concept of a wetland
- Maricopa County has become a partner in locating the future wetlands







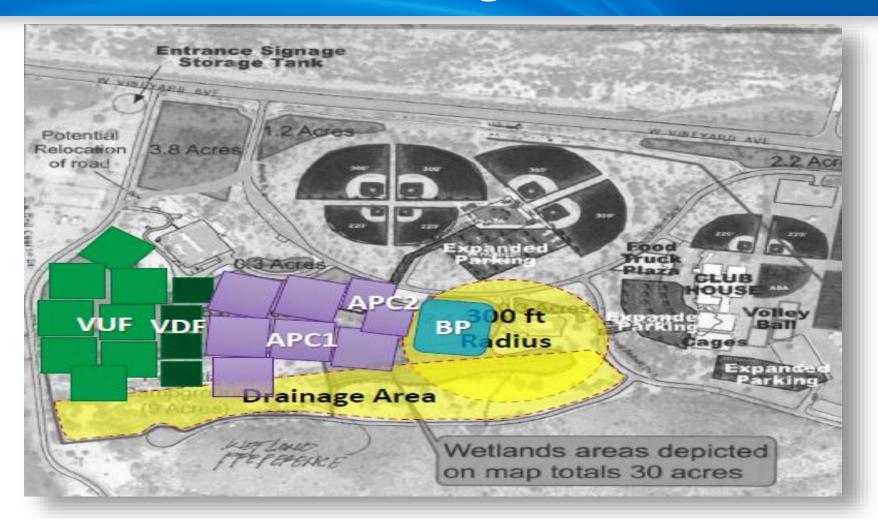
Estrella Mountain Regional Park







Estrella Mountain Regional Park





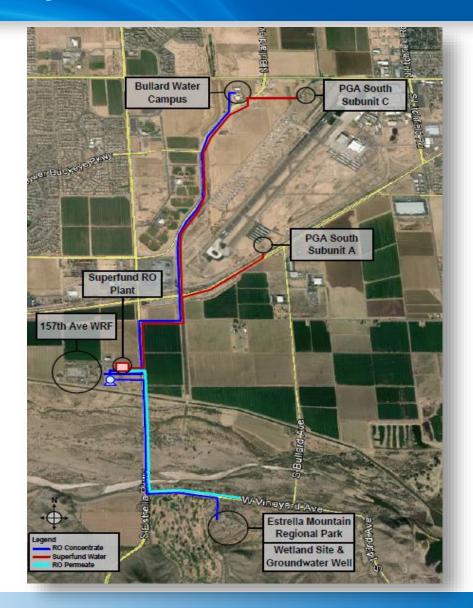


Water Blending Analysis

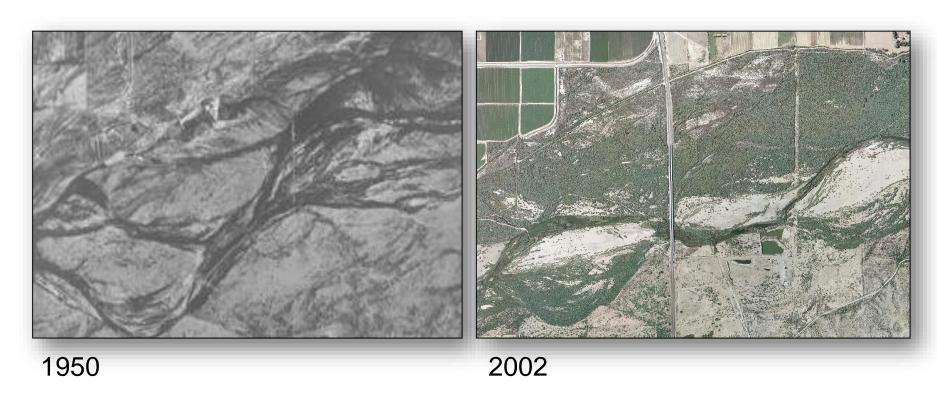
- ➤ High salinity wetland discharge will need to be blended with low salinity water to match water quality of discharge to the Gila River
- Superfund entities have expressed an eagerness for the increased pumping and treatment of water to expedite remediation
- They have become a partner in providing additional water supplies







Gila River Flooding Issues



Tamarisk (Salt Cedar) invasive propagation overtaking natural riparian vegetation

Gila River Flooding Issues



- Tamarisk causes a lack of river channelization
- Backs up water flows
- Increases flood zones of the river





El Rio Watercourse Plan

Flood Control District of Maricopa County developing a strategy:

- 1. Flood mitigation
- 2. Tamarisk removal
- 3. Riparian restoration
- 4. Perennial water supplies for channelizing the river and maintaining riparian vegetation
- Needs a perennial river flow

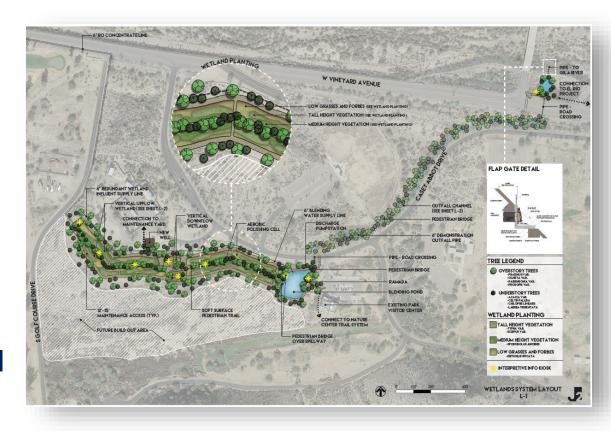






One Water Solution

- Create a beautiful wetland that will treat the City R/O brine flows
- Create a recreational, educational, and environmental enhancement at an existing recreational facility







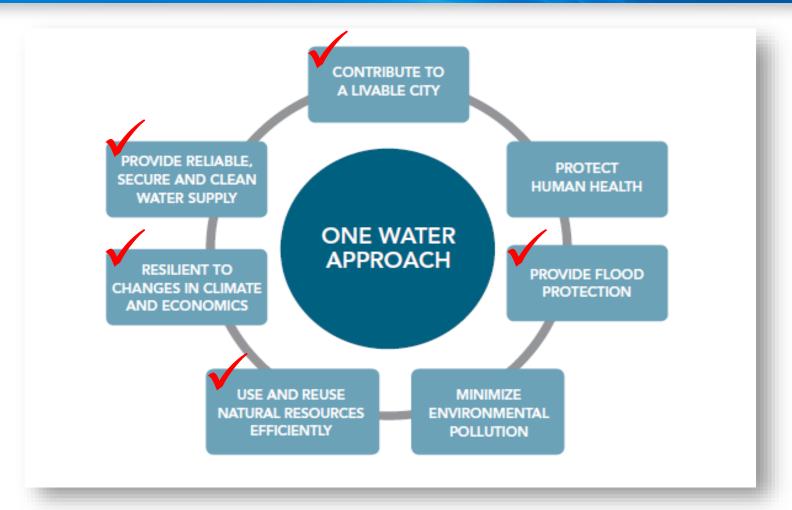
One Water Solution

- 1. Provide a perennial water supply as part of a river restoration plan
- 2. Maintain the restored river riparian area
- 3. Keep the river channelized
- 4. Mitigate flooding issues





One Water







Conclusions From Brine to Beautiful

- Fully evaluated an inland brine disposal issue
- Included all potential stakeholders
- Developed new partnership opportunities
- Designed a beautiful wetland that will provide recreation, education, and environmental enhancements to an existing regional park
- Utilize remediated groundwater as a blending source for the wetland discharges into the Gila River
- Provide a perennial water source for the Gila River restoration, riparian health, and flood mitigation



Next Steps

- Permits
- Capital Improvement Plan Phase One Demonstration sized project





Award Winning Approach





2016 - "Top Project"

2016 - "One Water Program of the Year"



2016 – "Most Innovative Project of the Year"





